

STIHL WOODCUTTER BAR & CHAIN OIL

Packaged for Stihl Incorporated, 536 Viking Drive, Virginia Beach, VA 23452



Safety Data Sheet

Conforms to HCS 2012 (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Section 1. Identification

Product identifier

Product Name:	STIHL WOODCUTTER BAR & CHAIN OIL
Other names:	F-7410, Bar & Chain Oil
Part/Product Number(s):	7010-516-0000, 7010-871-0240, 7010-516-0001, 7010-871-0279
Material Use:	Bar and chain oil, lubricant
Uses advised against:	Not for internal engine use.
Manufacturer:	Omni Specialty Packaging, LLC 10399 Hwy 1 South Shreveport, LA 71115 1-318-524-1100
Issuing date:	May 8, 2015
Revision date:	February 5, 2021
Revision number:	6
Company contact:	OMNI EHS Department: E-Mail: sds@osp.cc ; Contact phone: 318-524-1100 (Monday-Friday, 8:00 AM – 4:00 PM, CST)
<u>In case of emergency:</u>	CHEMTREC: Within USA and Canada: 1 (800) 424-9300 (24/7) CHEMTREC: Outside USA and Canada: +1 703-527-3887 (24/7)

Section 2. Hazards Identification

OSHA/HCS Status:	This product is not considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
GHS Classification of the Substance or Mixture:	Not classified
<u>GHS Label Elements</u>	
Hazard pictograms:	None
Signal word:	None
Hazard statement:	None
<u>Precautionary statements</u>	
General:	Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
Prevention:	Not applicable
Response:	Not applicable
Storage:	Not applicable
Disposal:	Not applicable
Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC):	Defatting to the skin.

Section 3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Petroleum mineral oil lubricant base stock with proprietary performance additives mixture.

Substance/Mixture: Mixture

<u>Components Name</u>	<u>CAS number</u>	<u>Weight %*</u>
Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	Various	95 – 100

This product does not contain known hazardous materials at the $\geq 1\%$ level or known carcinogens at the $\geq 0.1\%$ level as defined by 29 CFR 1910.1200.

* The exact percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

Section 4. First Aid Measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

- General Advice:** No specific first aid measures are required. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
- Eye contact:** In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
- Skin contact:** Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated clothes and shoes. Get medical attention if irritation or allergic reaction develops and persists.
- Inhalation:** In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. If inhaled, remove to fresh air. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
- Ingestion:** Do NOT induce vomiting. Drink plenty of water. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

Most Important

Symptoms and Effects: Personnel with pre-existing skin disorders should avoid contact with this product. Under normal use conditions, no adverse effects to health are known.

- Eye contact:** Not expected to cause prolonged or significant eye irritation.
- Skin contact:** Contact with skin is not expected to cause prolonged or significant irritation. Contact with skin is not expected to cause an allergic skin response.
- Inhalation:** Contains petroleum-based mineral oil. Inhalation of oil mist or vapors generated at elevated temperatures may cause respiratory irritation.
- Ingestion:** Accidental ingestion can result in minor irritation of the digestive tract, nausea, and diarrhea.

Note to physician: Acute aspirations of large amounts of oil-laden material may produce a serious aspiration pneumonia. Patients who aspirate these oils should be followed for the development of long-term sequelae. Inhalation exposure to oil mists below current workplace exposure limits is unlikely to cause pulmonary abnormalities.

Section 5. Fire-Fighting Measures

- Uniform Fire Code:** Class IIIB
- Flash Point:** $>168.3^{\circ}\text{C}$ ($>335^{\circ}\text{F}$)
- Extinguishing Media**

Suitable Media:	In case of fire, use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water fog, alcohol resistant foam, dry chemical, carbon dioxide (CO ₂) extinguisher or spray.
Unsuitable Media:	CAUTION: Use of water spray when fighting fire may be inefficient.
Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical:	This material may burn but will not ignite readily. If container is not properly cooled, it can rupture in the heat of a fire.
Hazardous Combustion Products:	Combustion products may include the following: Carbon dioxide (CO ₂) Carbon monoxide (CO), and Nitrogen oxides.
Protection of Fire Fighters:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel:	Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Floors may be slippery; use care to avoid falling.
For emergency responders:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. Ensure adequate ventilation. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material onto soil or into waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). See Section 12 for ecological information.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small Spills:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Absorb with an inert material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large Spills:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material (e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth) and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Section 7. Handling and Storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures:	Safety glasses with side shields. Eye protection and face shield should be used if material is used under conditions that increase the chances of splattering. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Keep out of reach of children.
Advice on general occupational hygiene:	Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Wash thoroughly after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, Including any incompatibilities:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials, strong oxidizing agents (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep away from heat, sparks, flame and other sources of ignition (i.e., pilot lights, electric motors and static

electricity). Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Avoid contaminating soil or releases into sewage or drainage systems and bodies of water.

Section 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Chemical name	ACGIH		OSHA		NIOSH	
	TLV	STEL	PEL	STEL	TWA	Ceiling
Lubricant Base Oil (Petroleum) Highly refined mineral oils (C15-C50)	5 mg/m3 (mist)	10 mg/m3 (mist)	5 mg/m3 (mist)	-	-	-

Appropriate engineering controls: Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants. Emergency shower and eyewash station.

Environmental exposure controls: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing.

Eye/Face Protection: Wear safety glasses with side shields. A face shield may be necessary under some conditions.

Skin and Body Protection

Hand protection: Wear protective gloves if prolonged or repeated contact is likely. Wear chemical resistant gloves. Recommended: Nitrile gloves. Consult your supervisor or Standard Operating Procedure (SOP) for special handling instructions.

Body protection: No protective equipment is needed under normal use conditions. For non-routine tasks, personal protection equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved.

Other skin protection: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved.

Respiratory protection: No respiratory protection is normally required. Emergencies or conditions that could result in significant airborne exposures may require the use of NIOSH approved respiratory protection.

A respiratory protection program that meets or is equivalent to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 should be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use. Air purifying respirators provide limited protection and cannot be used in atmospheres that exceed the maximum use concentration (as directed by regulation or the manufacturer's instructions), in oxygen deficient (less than 19.5 percent oxygen) situations, or under conditions that are immediately dangerous to life and health (IDLH).

Section 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance

Physical State:

Color:

Odor:

Odor threshold:

(Typical or Target)

Liquid

Straw colored

Petroleum like

Not available

pH:	Not applicable
Boiling Point:	Not available
Flash Point (Closed cup):	>168.3°C (>335°F) (Typical)
Evaporation rate (Butyl acetate = 1):	Not available
Flammability (solid, gas):	Not applicable. Based on - Physical state
Flammable) Limit in Air	Not available
Vapor pressure:	Not available
Vapor density (Air = 1):	>1
Specific Gravity (water = 1):	0.90 - 0.92 at 15°C (Typical)
Solubility:	In soluble in water
Partition coefficient (n-Octanol/water):	Not available
Auto-ignition temperature:	Not available
Decomposition temperature:	Not available
Viscosity – Kinematic (cSt (mm²/s) @ 40°C):	121.2 – 173.5
Viscosity – Kinematic (cSt (mm²/s) @ 100°C):	9.95 – 12.4
VOC %:	0 %

Section 10. Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity:	Not reactive under normal storage conditions
Chemical stability:	Stable under normal storage conditions
Possibility of hazardous reactions:	None under normal processing.
Hazardous polymerization:	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
Conditions to avoid:	Heat, flames and sparks.
Incompatible materials:	Oxidizing agents and open flames.
Hazardous decomposition products:	May include: Fumes, Oil vapors, Smoke, Carbon Oxides (including carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide), Aldehydes, Nitrogen oxides, and incomplete combustion products.

Section 11. Toxicological Information

Information on toxicological effects

Basis for Assessment: Information given is based on product data, a knowledge of the components and the toxicity of similar products.

Likely Routs of Exposure: Exposure may occur via skin absorption, skin or eye contact, inhalation, ingestion.

Substance/Mixture

Acute Toxicity	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	>2000 mg/Kg (rat)	>2000 mg/Kg (rabbit)	>2.18 mg/L (rat) 4h (mist)

Aspiration hazard:	Not expected to be an aspiration hazard.
Skin Corrosion/Irritation:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin Sensitization:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Respiratory Sensitization:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure) - STOT-SE:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure) – STOT-RE:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Germ Cell Mutagenicity:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive Toxicity:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Information on Toxicity Effects of Compounds

Lubricant Base Mineral Oil (Petroleum)

Mineral oils are known to cause cancer because of carcinogenic components (e.g. Benzene). The lubricant base mineral oils in this product have been highly refined by a variety of processes including severe solvent extraction, severe hydro cracking or severe hydro treating to reduce aromatics and improve performance characteristics. The oils in this product meet the IP-346 criteria of less than 3 percent PHA's and are not considered to be a carcinogen by the International Agency for Research on Cancer.

Section 12. Ecological Information

The information is based on data available for the material, the components of the material, and similar materials.

Ecotoxicity: No testing has been performed by the manufacturer. Ecotoxicity hazard is based on an evaluation of data for the components or a similar material. Not expected to be harmful to aquatic organisms.

Mobility: Base oil component – Low solubility and floats on water and is expected to migrate from water to land. Expected to partition to sediment and wastewater solids.

Persistence and degradation

Biodegradation: The material is not expected to be readily biodegradable. The biodegradability of this material is based on an evaluation of data for the components or a similar material.

Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation: This product is not expected to bioaccumulate through food chain in the environment.

Other adverse effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Other ecological information: Spills may form a film on water surfaces causing physical damage to organisms. Oxygen transfer could also be impaired.

Section 13. Disposal Considerations**Disposal recommendations based on material supplied.**

Waste treatment methods: This material, as supplied, is not a hazardous waste according to Federal regulations (40 CFR 261). Consult the appropriate state, regional, or local regulations for additional requirements. The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible.

Product waste: Significant quantities of waste product residues should not be disposed of via the sanitary sewer but processed in a suitable effluent treatment plant. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. Oil collection services are available for used oil recycling.

Contaminated packaging: Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues and could pose a potential fire and explosion hazard. Do not cut, puncture, or weld containers.

Other information: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport Information

General information: Petroleum lubricating oil - Not regulated.

	DOT Classification	IMDG	IATA
Petroleum lubrication oil	Not Regulated	Not Regulated	Not Regulated

Special precautions for user: Transport within user's premises: Always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an

accident or spillage.

Section 15. Regulatory Information

United States Regulations

United States Inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.

SARA 302/304: No products were found.

SARA 311/312: Immediate (Acute) Health Effects: No
 Delayed (Chronic) Health Effects: No
 Fire Hazard: No
 Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard: No
 Reactivity Hazard: No

SARA 313:

The following components of this material are found on the EPCRA 313 list:
 None

Supplier notification: This product does not contain any hazardous ingredients at or above regulated thresholds.

CWA (Clean Water Act): This product does not contain any substances regulated as pollutants pursuant to the Clean Water Act (40 CFR 122.21 and 40 CFR 122.42)

CERCLA: This material, as supplied, does not contain any substances regulated as a hazardous substance under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302).

State Regulations

Massachusetts:

None of the components are at or above regulated thresholds.

New Jersey:

None of the components are at or above regulated thresholds.

Pennsylvania:

None of the components are at or above regulated thresholds.

California Proposition 65:

This product does not contain any chemical(s) known to the State of California to cause cancer and/or to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

NOTE: For additional information on California Proposition 65 go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Canada

WHMIS Hazard Class: Not classified. This Product Is Not Controlled Under WHMIS (Canada)

International Chemical Inventories:

All components comply with the following chemical inventory requirements: DSL (Canada)

Section 16. Other Information

NFPA Rating:	Health Hazard – 0	Flammability – 1	Instability/Reactivity – 0
HMIS Rating:	Health Hazard – 0	Flammability – 1	Physical Hazards – 0

(NFPA & HMIS Hazard Rating Key: 0 - Minimum Hazard; 1 - Slight Hazard; 2 - Moderate Hazard; 3 - High Hazard; 4 - Extreme Hazard; * - Chronic Hazard Indicator, & PPE - Personal Protective Equipment Index A to L. These values are obtained using the guidelines or published evaluations prepared by the National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) or the National Paint and Coating Association (for HMIS or Hazardous Material Identification System).

Key to abbreviations:

ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; CASRN = Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number; CEILING = Ceiling Limit (15 minutes); CERCLA = The Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; EPA = Environmental Protection Agency; GHS = Globally Harmonized System; IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer; INSHT = National Institute for Health and Safety at Work; IOPC = International Oil Pollution Compensation; LEL = Lower Explosive Limit; NE = Not Established; NFPA = National Fire Protection Association; NTP = National Toxicology Program; OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration; PEL = Permissible Exposure Limit (OSHA); SARA = Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; STEL = Short Term Exposure Limit (15 minutes); TLV = Threshold Limit Value (ACGIH); TWA = Time Weighted Average (8 hours); UEL = Upper Explosive Limit; WHMIS = Worker Hazardous Materials Information System (Canada)

Prepared By: OMNI Specialty Packaging EH&S Department

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Disclaimer

All reasonably practicable steps have been taken to ensure the information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. This information is furnished upon condition that the person receiving it shall make their own determination of the suitability of the material for their particular purpose.

End of Safety Data Sheet